RC Circuits

Tech Tip: Use a small piece of masking tape rolled to make a loop on the bottom of each socket to hold them in place. Set the grey meter as a 20 V max voltmeter. Set up the orange meter as a 20 A max ammeter.

Circuit 1

1) Set up your circuit as shown in the diagram. Use 3 Round bulbs. With the circuit connected, determine the:



2) Disconnect the circuit at the battery. Place a discharged capacitor in the open space on the right. Reconnect the battery. With the circuit connected, determine the:

a) Current in each wire: _____

b) Voltage across each bulb and the Capacitor

Bulb 1 _____ Bulb 2 _____

 Bulb 3 _____
 Capacitor _____

3) How did the presence of the capacitor affect the currents and voltages in the resistor portion of the circuit?

4) How did the voltage across the capacitor compare to the voltage of the battery?

5) How did the voltage across the capacitor compare to the voltage across each resistor.

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- 6) Set up your circuit as shown in the diagram. Use 2 Round bulbs and a Long Bulb. With the circuit connected, determine the: c) Current in each wire: _____ d) Voltage across each bulb and the battery Bulb R1 _____ Bulb R2 Bulb L Battery _____ 7) Disconnect the circuit at the battery. Place a discharged capacitor in parallel with the long bulb. Reconnect the battery. With the circuit connected, determine the: c) Current in each wire: d) Voltage across each bulb and the Capacitor Bulb R2 _____ Bulb R1 _____ Capacitor _____ Bulb L 8) How did the presence of the capacitor affect the currents and voltages in the resistor portion of the circuit?
 - 9) How did the voltage across the capacitor compare to the voltage of the battery?
 - 10) How did the voltage across the capacitor compare to the voltage across each resistor.
 - 11) Can you make a general rule now for determining the voltage of a capacitor in an RC Circuit? What is it?

Name: Per. 12) Set up your circuit as shown in the diagram. Use 2 Round bulbs and a Long Bulb. Use 2 blue capacitors in series. a) What will always be the same with capacitors in series? b) Predict the voltage reading for each capacitor after it charges. Capacitor 1 Capacitor 2 c) Connect the circuit. What are the actual voltage readings for each capacitor? How did they compare with your prediction? Capacitor 1 Capacitor 2 13) Set up your circuit as shown in the diagram. Use 2 Round bulbs and a Long Bulb. Use 1 blue and 1 silver capacitor in series. a) Predict the voltage reading for each capacitor after it charges. Capacitor 1 _____ Capacitor 2 _____ b) Connect the circuit. What are the actual voltage readings for each capacitor? How did they compare with your prediction? Capacitor 1 Capacitor 2 14) Set up your circuit as shown in the diagram. Use 2 Round bulbs and a Long Bulb. Use 2 blue capacitors in parallel. d) What will always be the same with capacitors in parallel? e) Predict the voltage reading for each capacitor after it charges. Capacitor 1 _____ Capacitor 2 _____ f) Connect the circuit. What are the actual voltage readings for each capacitor? How did they compare with your prediction? Capacitor 1 _____ Capacitor 2 _____