

Angular Momentum Notes

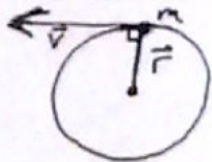
$$\vec{p} = m \cdot \vec{v}$$

$$\frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$\vec{L} = I \vec{\omega}$$

$$\frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^2}{\text{s}}$$

$$\vec{\omega} = \frac{\vec{v}}{r}$$



NOT ON AP EXAM

$$L = \vec{r} \times \vec{p} \sin \theta$$

$$\theta = \angle(\vec{r}, \vec{p})$$

$$L = \vec{r}_{\perp} \vec{p} \quad L = \vec{r}_{\perp} m \vec{v}$$

$$\vec{L} = I \vec{\omega} = m r^2 \left(\frac{\vec{v}}{r} \right) = (m \vec{v}) r = \vec{p} \cdot r$$

$$\vec{L} = \vec{p} \cdot r$$

$$L = L \quad L = m \vec{v} r$$

Conservation of Angular Momentum

$$\tau = \frac{\Delta L}{\Delta t} \quad \Delta L = L_f - L_0 = \tau \Delta t$$

If $\tau = 0$, then $L_f = L_0$

Work = $\tau \cdot \Delta \theta$ just like work = $F \cdot \Delta x$

$$\text{Work} = KE_f - KE_0 = \tau \cdot \Delta \theta = \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2$$

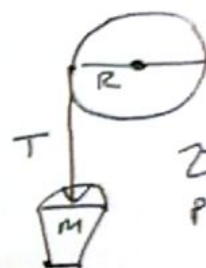
$$\tau \cdot \Delta \theta = KE_f = \frac{1}{2} I v_f^2$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{\frac{2 \tau \cdot \Delta \theta}{I}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 R T \Delta \theta}{I}}$$

$$\Delta \theta = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{RT}{I} \right) t^2 = \frac{1}{2} (\alpha) t^2$$

$$v_f = \sqrt{\frac{2 R T \left(\frac{1}{2} \frac{RT}{I} \right) t^2}{I}} = \left(\frac{RT}{I} \right) t$$

$$s = R \cdot \theta$$



$$\tau = I \alpha$$

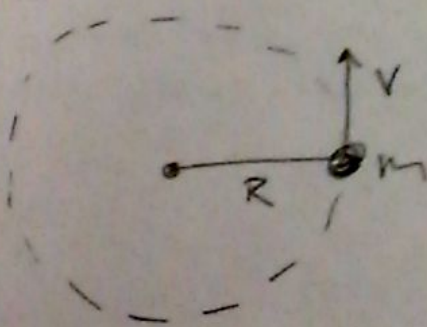
$$\tau = R \cdot T$$

pulley

$$\alpha I = RT$$

$$\alpha = \frac{RT}{I}$$

$$\Delta L = \tau \cdot \Delta t \quad \text{just like} \quad \Delta p = F \cdot \Delta t \quad \text{Impulse}$$



$$I = m R^2$$

$$K_{\text{trans}} = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$K_{\text{rot}} = \frac{1}{2} I \omega^2 = \frac{1}{2} (m R^2) \left(\frac{v}{R} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} m v^2$$

$$\vec{L} = I \vec{\omega} = \vec{r} \times \vec{p}$$

$$\vec{L} = (m R^2) \left(\frac{v}{R} \right) = R m v$$

Summary

$$\vec{F}_{\text{net}} = \frac{d\vec{p}}{dt}$$

if $F_{\text{net}} = 0$

$$\vec{p}_i = \vec{p}_f$$

calculus

$$\tau_{\text{net}} = \frac{dL}{dt}$$

if $\tau_{\text{net}} = 0$

$$\vec{L}_i = \vec{L}_f$$