Combinations of Springs

Springs in Series

- Consider two springs with force constants k_1 and k_2 connected in series supporting a load F = mg.
- Let the force constant of the combination be represented by k
- For the combination, supporting the load F=mg: F = kx (where x = the total stretch)

and
$$x = -$$

- For each spring
 - the bottom supports mg=F and stretches by x_1

$$F = k_1 x_1 \quad Or \quad x_1 = \frac{F}{k_1}$$

the top spring support mg plus the weight of the bottom spring (which is negligible -Thus F is the stretching force for both springs)

$$F = k_2 x_2 \quad or \quad x_2 = \frac{F}{k_2}$$

- The total stretch

$$x = x_{1} + x_{2} \quad or \quad \frac{F}{k} = \frac{F}{k_{1}} + \frac{F}{k_{2}}$$

and $\boxed{\frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{k_{1}} + \frac{1}{k_{2}}}$

Springs in Parallel

and

- Consider two springs with force constants k_1 and k_2 connected in parallel supporting a load F = mg.
- Let the force constant of the combination be represented by k
- For the combination supporting the load F=mg: F = kx (where x = the total stretch)
- The two individual springs both stretch by x but share the load ($F = F_1 + F_2$) and $F_1 = k_1 x$ while $F_2 = k_2 x$
- Thus the total force is $F = F_1 + F_2$ or $kx = k_1x + k_2x$

$$F = F_1 + F_2 \qquad Or$$
$$k = k_1 + k_2$$



